

THE INTELLIGENCER.

Published Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

TERMS: The Daily Intelligence is Delivered by Carriers to Wheeling and adjacent towns at 15 cents per week.

By Mail, Postage Free in the United States.

Daily, One Year	\$8.00
Daily, Six Months	4.00
Daily, Three Months	2.00
Daily, One Month	.50
Semi-Weekly, One Year	5.00
Semi-Weekly, Six Months	2.50
Semi-Weekly, Three Months	1.25
Semi-Weekly, One Month	.30
Weekly, One Year	1.00
Weekly, Six Months	.50
Weekly, Three Months	.25
Weekly, One Month	.05

Great reductions in Clubs. Send for sample copies and circulars. Address: **FREW, CAMPBELL & HART,** PUBLISHERS, Nos. 25 & 27 Fourteenth Street, WHEELING, W. VA.

[Entered at the Postoffice at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.]

The Intelligence.

WHEELING, W. VA., OCTOBER 2, 1888.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, **BENJAMIN HARRISON**, of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, **LEVI P. MORTON**, of New York.

FOR ELECTORS-AT-LARGE, **AUGUSTUS POLLOCK**, of Ohio County; **T. P. DAVIS**, of Fayette County.

FOR CONGRESS:

First—**ANTHONY SMITH**, of Tyler, Second—**R. E. EAST**, of Monongalia. Third—**J. W. HENNING**, of Harrison. Fourth—**J. L. CALDWELL**, of Cabell.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, **GEN. NATHAN GOFF**, of Harrison County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, **W. C. MORTON**, of Berkeley County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, **HIRSH LEWIS**, of Clay County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, **WM. F. HUBBARD**, of Ohio County.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS, **T. B. McCLURE**, of Wayne County.

FOR JUDGES SUPREME COURT, **JOHN W. MASON**, of Taylor County; **H. C. McWHORTER**, of Kanawha County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES, **THOMAS H. LOGAN**, of Harrison County; **HUGH L. JONES**, of Harrison County; **THOMAS PRINCE**, of Harrison County; **W. M. DIXON**, of Harrison County.

SILVER, **THOMAS C. MOFFAT**, of Harrison County; **JOSEPH D. ELSON**, of Harrison County.

ASSISTANTS, **CITY-THOMAS H. JONES**, of Harrison County; **COUNTRY-A. J. SCHULTZ**, of Harrison County.

The Democratic National Committee

is still asking for funds. What's the matter with the office-holders—won't they come to time?

That silly story about General Harrison

speaking in disparagement of the Irish was not hard to dispose of. Hundreds of thousands of Irish votes will be polled for Harrison and Protection.

The cow illustration in to-day's INTELLIGENCER

should be sufficient of itself to turn the Free Traders from the error of their way. Johnny Bull is a silly fellow. But Brother Jonathan has upon other occasions shown that he knows a thing or two himself.

J. M. J. Dallas Ewing had it to do

over he would not speak of the purchaser of that \$9 suit as having "out-jeweled the Jew himself to get it." If the party managers could they would undo it, for it is doubtful whether it will make votes for the cause of Free Trade.

The President signs the Administration

Chinese bill and throws all the treaty fat in the fire. He did not think the Senate would give him a chance to sign his buncombe bill. And now the Chinese will keep on coming as before. It is a deep hole the President dropped into.

Wheeling makes a good deal of glass

but Wheeling cannot make lamp chimneys to compete with the foreign product delivered in New York at nine cents a dozen. The difference is in wages. Why should not the difference be made up by a Protective Tariff, so that American labor can make these chimneys for the American market? Probably some Free Trader will suggest that if we had the raw material free we could make these chimneys and sell them in "the markets of the world." Free Traders have funny notions.

A Good Man Gone.

The loss of so good a man and so useful a citizen as Dr. T. H. Logan is not too strongly characterized as a calamity to the community in which he has so long been conspicuous by his virtues. As a business man of model character, as a counsellor of ripe judgment, as a public servant of solid integrity and rare intelligence, Dr. Logan won his way to an exceptional place among the men of Wheeling. No public movement was thought to be well under way without the weight of his influence, and for years hardly one has been undertaken that did not have his inspiring presence in the lead.

The history of his active life is almost

the history of Wheeling for the past thirty years, and in an important feature it is woven in with the history of West Virginia. He gave to the city and to the State of his adoption talents and character that would have shone on a broader field. He might easily have filled more and higher official places, but he preferred his home and the more modest service which he was induced to accept. What he did, he did well.

Thomas H. Logan leaves to his family

his friends and his fellow citizens the record of an upright, pure and useful life. He was not dead; he has only gone to his reward.

Two Dollar Wheat.

The Chicago market closed last Saturday with \$2 bid for September wheat. Of course there was no such thing in fact as \$2 wheat, but there were gamblers who were short of wheat for gambling purposes; they were at the mercy of the great "bull," Hutchinson; and they were glad to pay \$2 for fear they might have to pay \$4.

None of this excessive price has

worked, or will reach the wheat grower. It is altogether a little matter between the Chicago grain gamblers. Some of them bet that before the end of September they could buy wheat far below Hutchinson's predictions. But Hutchinson had all the wheat within reach, and when the "short" gamblers found themselves in a corner, they were glad to cover at almost any price. Hutchinson

son was master of the situation, and

Hutchinson fixed the price. We may be sure that he fixed it at as high a figure as he thought he could force out of the unlucky fellows. If he had gone further he might have bankrupted the whole of them.

The Chicago Board of Trade is supposed to be made up of business men; yet that body permits such transactions, in gross disregard of sound business principles and of the public welfare. It is a much more hurtful kind of gambling than faro or the wheel of fortune, because it plays havoc with the product of legitimate industry and deranges the market for the food of the people. One of these days the law will find a way to take hold with a firm grip.

A Field for Aspiring Detectives.

Mrs. Parson Stevens is a woman of large wealth. She flies high in New York society. Recently she awoke one fine morning to find she had no longer a diamond to her back—\$100,000 worth of them had taken wings, so to speak; not all at once, but little by little, until the whole rare collection had disappeared.

In this connection Mrs. Stevens takes the liberty to remark: "I have seen something of thieves in my time both big and little, and if I wished to open my mouth I could drop a bombshell into New York society, and I may do it some day." Mrs. Stevens may think that this gentle hint will bring back the missing jewels.

At all events her suggestion should sharpen the scent of such as may aspire to enter the detective line. It is hardly a secret that the "best society" is infected with sneak thieves in whose veins runs the first quality of blue blood, who have, in fact, more blood than money or principle; and so they forage on their better provided acquaintances.

When these gentry are caught they are not "run in," for it would never do to arraign them in the police court—that would scandalize the "best society." For the same reason a detective would reap a harvest in a quiet way if he were shrewd and would give his time and talent to running down the genteel thieves who fly high in the gilded salons of "society."

INSULTING THE DRUMMERS.

A Democratic Paper Refers to them as Drummers, Bagmen and Buggies. The commercial travelers have no reason to love the Democratic party and they have less reason to-day than they ever had to either love or respect it.

The Democrats in Congress have always opposed every bit of enlightened legislation in the interests of the commercial traveler.

President Cleveland has frowned upon such legislation, and now comes the Democratic newspaper of largest circulation in New York, with this mean insult.

The New York World on Monday, September 25th, had this to say in its editorial columns:

"Gen. Harrison was visited on Saturday by a delegation of drummers to whom he talked Protection in the usual flautist style. Between the political bunnies and the commercial drummers, and the ragsmen and the bagmen, Mr. Harrison is having a halcyon and victorious time. The grass in his front yard must wear a woe-begone aspect by this time."

How different is this from Gen. Harrison's

manly and respectful remarks to the commercial travelers.

Cleveland's Chain of Economy.

The following table shows the appropriations, regular annual, including deficiency and miscellaneous appropriations, from 1882 to close of 1888:

Years.	Appropriations.
1882	\$15,274,288
1883	23,926,547
1884	28,719,245
1885	29,535,282
1886	29,535,282
1887	29,535,282
1888	29,535,282
1889	29,535,282

There was no river and harbor appropriations in 1888, and \$1,000,000 should be taken for 1889 and added to 1888.

In 1883 the pension appropriation was \$100,000,000, some forty odd millions extra to pay arrears and deficiencies. There was no river and harbor bill in 1881 nor in 1882. The total appropriations from 1882 to 1889 inclusive, were, up to date, \$1,038,776,181, an average of \$250,019,046 per annum. The total appropriations in the preceding four years, 1882 to 1885 inclusive, were \$945,175,130, an average of \$236,293,782. The annual difference is about \$24,000,000 more under Cleveland than under Arthur.

The Truth.

The Democratic Free Trade organs are endeavoring to dispute the authenticity of the following extract:

"Grover Cleveland has done more to advance the cause of Free Trade than any Prime Minister of England has ever done."—*London Spectator*.

But the Hartford Courant site down on the effort in the following solid fashion:

"Why, bless your ignorant eyes, the Courant copied that from the Spectator itself as soon as it appeared and set it going, but we've got the copy of it from the Spectator still in the office. There's no conceivable doubt of its genuineness—or of its truth either."

But the Democratic organs, and especially the Brice Bureau of Intellect, are even disputing the tremendous Republican victory in Maine, where, excepting a few scattering members of the Maine House, the Republicans swept the political platter clean with a majority more than 5,000 above the majority for a series of years.

How Thurman Loves the Negro.

"Shall we make a Mexico of the land that gave birth to Washington and Jefferson, to Marion and Rutledge, to Jackson and Clay? Shall we make the descendants of the men of '76 slaves of slaves—never to be freed from thralldom except through an ordeal of anarchy? Shall we blindly and stupidly, for the gratification of the passions of the moment, the power of a party, entail such calamities upon our common country? I trust not, I believe not—for I have not yet lost my ancient confidence in the integrity and wisdom of the people."

"I believe that the negro race is not capable of self-government and in the light of science, history and experience I certainly do believe that—just so firmly do I believe that the white race is capable, and if this be so I can not expect it to surrender its power or state to it with those whom God, for His own wise purposes, has made inferior and incapable."—A. G. THURMAN in his speech at Waverly, Ohio, August 5, 1867.

A Protected West Virginia Industry.

Burpee's Ferry Saline. The work of rebuilding the foundation for the new pulp mill on the Potomac is being pushed steadily night and day. The scene at night, viewed from the road far above, somewhat resembles a fair on account of the numerous bright flaring torches set at intervals along the works.

The jangle and ring of the drill, however, with the tap, tap, of the hammer, drowned once in a while by the earth-shaking dynamite detonations, tell a story of industry and work, not idleness and play.

The Expedition Delayed.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—The departure of the expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha has been delayed until the rising of the natives in East Africa is quelled.

CATCH AT IT AGAIN.

The "World" Trying to Deceive the Pottery Workers of New Jersey.

New York Press.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—In Friday's World a statement is made editorially that the reduction in earthware is only \$7.35 on \$100. Please allow me to state that the figures are not correct, and almost any schoolboy can see the error. The present duty on plain earthenware is 35 per cent; the proposed duty, under the Mills bill, is 35 per cent. This is a reduction of over 30 per cent of the present duty on all such goods as white or plain goods not decorated. It includes all the "CC" or "white" granite goods. There is now imported more white granite ware than is made in this country, and one of the partners of the largest manufacturer of white granite ware in England died over a year ago and left a personal estate of \$900,000, not including realty for which he paid \$500,000. During a strike some years ago, when what is known in the pottery trade as the "Lord Hatherlott" award was made, the nobleman said to one of the English manufacturers: "Why can't you give your men the advance and ask so much more for your goods?" The manufacturer replied that in former times they could give the advance, but now the American potteries had increased their production so largely that they (the English potteries) were forced to lower the wages of their workmen, or else they could not compete. The duty on decorated goods now is 60 per cent, and the schedule of the Mills bill calls for 45 per cent. This is a reduction of the duty of 25 per cent from the present rate. Only one result can take place, viz., a reduction of wages. And how such an intelligent class of voters as exist in the State of New Jersey can vote for the men who advocate the Mills bill and effect the pottery business of New Jersey, which is near the coast, and has to compete with the Western manufacturers, who have freights, and natural gas as fuel, is more than can be comprehended by an Ohio manufacturer.

Louisville, Ky., September 24.

Suburban Facts.

If any Republican hears a Democratic neighbor boasting (says the Philadelphia Press) of the bright prospects of the Democratic party, let him call his attention to these results of this year's election:

In Oregon the Republicans cast the largest vote they ever polled, and the largest plurality they ever had, and greatly increased their representation in both branches of the Legislature, making it from two-thirds to three-fourths Republican.

In Vermont the Republicans cast the largest vote they ever polled at a gubernatorial election, gained the largest plurality they ever gave a candidate for Governor, chose every member in the State Senate and made large gains in the lower branch of the Legislature.

In Maine the Republicans cast the largest vote they ever polled, gained one of the largest pluralities they have had in twenty years, elected a solid State Senate, made large gains in the lower branch of the Legislature, and elected ninety-six of the ninety-nine county officers chosen.

In Alabama the Democratic majority was cut down at the recent State election from one-third to one-fourth. The exact figure is not known as yet, but there will be a loss of from 30,000 to 50,000 as compared with Democratic majority in 1884. This occurred, notwithstanding the Democrats have the entire control of the ballot boxes.

In Arkansas the Democratic majority of 45,235 is reduced to one of 15,023, showing a Democratic loss of 30,212, in 1884, showing a loss of 30,212 in 1884 is increased to 81,225, and in Congressional district of Clinton R. Breckenridge, who is one of the godfathers of the Mills bill, shows an anti-Democratic majority.

Facts are stubborn things.

The Cry of "Stop, Thief!"

With the Mills bill cutting down the whisky tax on every distillery using less than 25 bushels of grain daily, and taking off all special taxes on manufacturers of stills and retail dealers in liquor, the "free whisky" cry is continuing the shout of "Stop, thief!" raised by the pickpocket who wishes to get out of the crowd with his booty.

Col. White Thought he had an Exceptionally

Ignorant Audience.

Gentle Scott's Eagle.

"I make it a rule," said Bob White, "never to insult the intelligence of my audience by thinking it necessary to explain to them what the tariff is, but to-night I said, 'I thought it will be as well to explain it a little.' And nobody laughed except a few Republicans who were looking in at the door."

In General Debility, Emaciation,

Consumption, and Wasting in Children, Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is a most valuable food and medicine. It creates an appetite for food, strengthens the nervous system, and builds up the body. Please read: "I tried Scott's Emulsion on a young man whose physicians at times gave up hope. Since he began using the Emulsion his cough has ceased, gained flesh and strength, and from all appearances his life will be prolonged many years."—JOHN SELLENS, Hospital Steward, Morganza, Pa. MFWAF

DIED.

BOYD—On Sunday, September 30, 1888, at 9:30 p.m., LOY, wife of George W. Boyd. Funeral services at the residence of her husband, No. 37 Thirteenth street, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Interment at Pennsylvania Cemetery. Private.

BEYMER—On Monday, October 1, 1888, at 3:30 o'clock p.m., Mrs. SARAH, wife of the late W. H. BEYMER, aged 72 years.

Funeral notice hereafter.

WORTH \$1,000!

TESTIMONIAL OF Hon. THOS. PAULK, OF BERRIEN COUNTY.

Would not Take \$1,000 for it—Refused to sell of Fifteen Years Suffering from Dyspepsia.

ALABAMA, GA., June 22, 1887.—R. B. R. Company, Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: I had suffered from that terrible disease, dyspepsia, for over fifteen years, and during that time tried every thing (could hear of, and spent over three hundred dollars in doctors' bills, and I would not take the slightest benefit. Indeed, I continued to grow worse. Finally, after I despaired of obtaining relief, a friend recommended R. B. R. (Bottled Blood Balm), and I began using it; not long after I was cured. I would not take \$1,000 for the good it has done me; in fact, the relief I derived from it is priceless. I firmly believe that I would have died had I not taken it. Respectfully, THOMAS PAULK.

For the blood, use R. B. R.

For scurvy, use R. B. R.

For catarrh, use R. B. R.

For rheumatism, use R. B. R.

For kidney troubles, use R. B. R.

For skin diseases, use R. B. R.

For eruptions, use R. B. R.

For all blood poison, use R. B. R.

Ask your neighbor who has used R. B. R. of its merits. Get our book free filled with certificates of wonderful cures.

SPECIAL.

All who desire full information about the cause and cure of Blood Poison, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., can receive by mail free a copy of our new illustrated book of Wonders, filled with the most wonderful and startling cures before known.

Address, BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

LOGAN & CO.,

Wholesale Agents.

New Advertisements.

WANTED—A GOOD DRAUGHTSMAN. Must be sound and well known. Apply at office of RESWOOD IRON WORKS, New York, N. Y.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce at their rooms this afternoon at 3 o'clock, to take action on the death of Dr. T. H. Logan. HOWARD HAZLETT, Secretary.

FINE GLASSWARE!

Rich Cut Crystal Ware For Wedding or Anniversary Gifts. New Goods at reasonable prices. EWING BROS., 1215 Market St., opp. McLaughlin House.

WOMAN'S

Union Benevolent Society. The regular monthly meeting of the W. U. B. Society will be held at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association on Wednesday, October 3, 1888, at 8 o'clock p.m. All members will please attend this meeting. Mrs. W. J. W. COLEMAN, Sec'y.

FOR RENT.

The Desirable Business House Now occupied by us. For further particulars call on WICKHAM & CONARD, 1215 Main Street, No. 1215 Main Street.

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET

For Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Ironton, Huntington, Fort, Mouth, Mayville, Cincinnati and Louisville. The elegant passenger steamer

—ANDES—

Chas. Muhlenberg, Com'r, Mart F. Noll, Clerk, will leave for above points on Tuesday, Oct. 3, at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp. Passengers and freight received through to all points West and South. For freight or passage apply on board or to FRANK BOOTH, Agent.

THE HOTEL WINDSOR

NOW OPEN.

This Hotel is delightfully situated, with large, newly furnished and well ventilated rooms. All modern improvements, and first-class in every respect. Special accommodations for Commercial Men.

Terms, \$2.50 to \$3.00 Per Day.

(Late of Queen City Hotel, Cumberland, Md.)

M. KELLY, Proprietor.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

AT REDUCED PRICES.

In Remnant Lots, to make room for New Goods to arrive.

Also a full line of Seasonable Goods on hand. Quality and Price to suit the times, at

A. G. WINCHER'S,

1123 Main Street.

City Tax Notice.

OFFICE OF CITY COLLECTOR, PUBLIC BUILDING, WHEELING, W. VA., October 1, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the City Taxes for 1888 are now due and payable at the office of the City Collector, Public Building.

Persons paying all their taxes on or before the first day of November, 1888, will be entitled to a discount of ten per cent on City Taxes. The taxes on Real Estate will bear interest from November 1, 1888, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum until paid.

Office open on Saturday evenings until 8 o'clock.

S. L. BRICE, City Collector.

Public Sale.

The City of Wheeling, through its Finance Committee, by the authority of Council, will on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1888, at 10 o'clock a.m., offer for sale at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, of this country, all of that part or parcel of ground known as the

Old Court House Property.

Including the improvements thereon, situate on the southeast corner of Chapline and Twelfth streets, Wheeling, W. Va.

Terms of sale—One-third cash and as much more as the purchaser may elect; balance in two equal payments at six and twelve months with interest.

The highest and best offer will be reported to Council for confirmation or rejection.

Chairman Finance Committee.

The above sale is adjourned to Saturday, October 6, 1888, at 10 o'clock a.m.

P. B. DOBBISS, Chairman.

SEAL SKIN

JACKETS.

In a variety of shapes and choice designs, trimmed and untrimmed. Also Persian and other fancy Jackets, at very moderate prices. Fashion-plates, descriptive catalogue, and price list. Orders by mail, or information desired, will receive special and prompt attention. When customers are known to the house, or satisfactory references are furnished, goods will be sent on approval.

C. G. GUNTHER SONS,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1820)

184 Fifth Avenue,

NEW YORK CITY.

Mutual Savings Bank

Has Removed from No. 41 Twelfth Street to No. 1160 MAIN STREET, Next Door Above Exchange Bank.

Does business on the mutual plan; has no capital stock; the entire profits are divided among the depositors.

Dividends declared in January and July.

Bank open for business daily from 9:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

Open on Saturdays at 1:30 p.m. to 3:30 p.m.

Deposits received from one dime up.

HOWARD HAZLETT, President.

W. B. SMITHSON, Vice-President.

W. G. WILKINSON, Secretary.

ALEX. MITCHELL, Treasurer.

CARPET